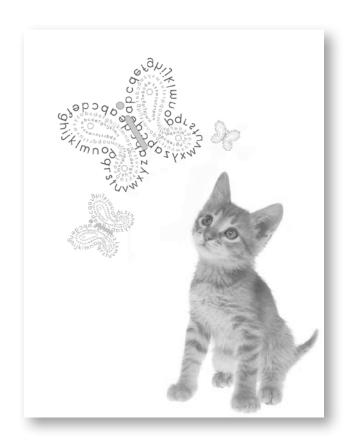
# Unit 4 Workbook







## Unit 4 Workbook

Skills Strand GRADE 1

Core Knowledge Language Arts®



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# Unit 4 Workbook

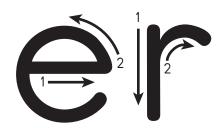
This Workbook contains worksheets that accompany many of the lessons from the Teacher Guide for Unit 4. Each worksheet is identified by the lesson number in which it is used. Some of the worksheets in this book do not include written instructions for students because the instructions would have contained nondecodable words. The expectation is that teachers will explain these worksheets to students orally, using the guidelines in the Teacher Guide. Nondecodable instructions are also included along the side of each of these worksheets, and are only meant to be read aloud by a teacher or family member. The Workbook is a student component, which means each student should have a Workbook.

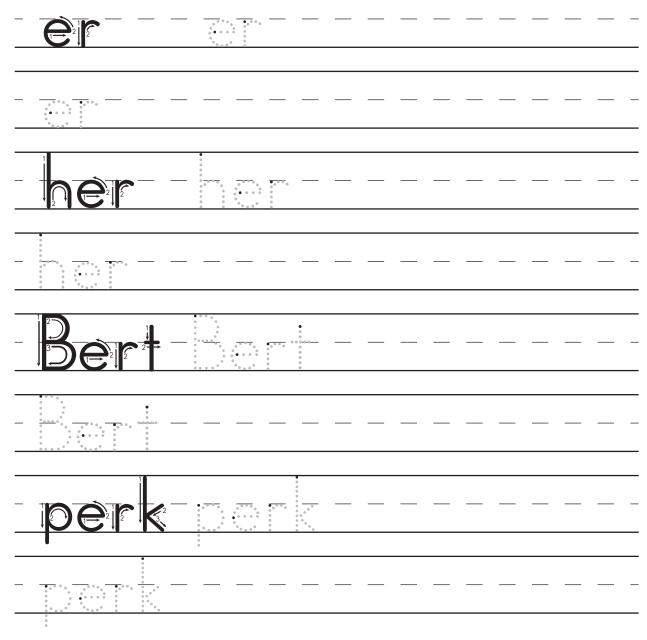
### Dear Family Member,

Today our class started the Unit 4 of the Core Knowledge Language Arts program. The Reader for this unit is called *The Green Fern Zoo*. Your child will bring home stories you can read together about zoo keeper Vern and the different types of animals he cares for at the Green Fern Zoo. Remember that reading at home with your child is important for their success as a reader.

In addition, your child's spelling words for this week include the days of the week. Students will practice writing the date, including the days of the week. All of the spelling words this week are Tricky Words. Tricky Words do not play by the rules, meaning there are spellings that do not sound the way students would expect them to. These words need to be memorized, so your child will benefit from practice reading and writing them.

- 1. Monday
- 2. Tuesday
- 3. Wednesday
- 4. Thursday
- 5. Friday
- 6. Saturday
- 7. Sunday
- 8. would





Print the words on the lines where they fit best.

1. fern



WHI WHI WAS A STATE OF THE STAT

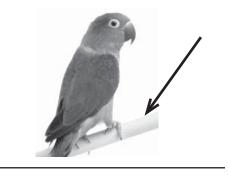
- - - - - - - -

2. herd



3. perch





Directions: Have students write the words with the |r| sound under the 'red' header and the words with the |er| sound under the 'her' header.

fern	rat
rust	p <b>er</b> ch
rope	rag
cl <b>er</b> k	v <b>er</b> b
room	t <b>er</b> m

/r/ as in <u>r</u> ed	/er/ as in h <u>er</u>
	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

## Dear Family Member,

Your child has been taught to read words with the vowel digraph, or letter team, 'er' as in *her*. To practice this new spelling, ask your child to cut out the word cards below. In addition to the 'er' spelling, some of the words below are Tricky Words and previously taught spellings. Have your child read all of the words aloud, and arrange the cards to make phrases such "the herd" and "one fern." You may also ask your child to copy the phrases onto a sheet of paper. Please keep the cards for future practice.

or future practice.				
the	all	big		
h <b>er</b> d	cl <b>er</b> k	p <b>er</b> ch		
food	book	one		
pound	coin	hawk		

h <b>er</b>	cl <b>er</b> k	round	coin
verb	paws	scoops	food

1. The plate is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

2. The \_\_\_\_\_ gave h**er** a dime.

3. Dogs have \_\_\_\_\_\_.

4. I would like three \_\_\_\_\_\_

her clerk round coin
verb paws scoops food

- 5. I can cook a lot of \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_ dad is at home.
- 7. I will flip a \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 8. Is this word a \_\_\_\_\_?

## Meet Vern

- 1. Where will Vern take you?
  - o the shop
  - o the Green Fern Zoo
  - o the bus

Page \_\_\_\_\_

2. What is Vern's job?

<b>J</b> .	What c <u>oul</u> d be s <u>ome</u> things with wings?
4.	
т.	Name some things that you could see at the zoo.
<b>т.</b> 	
—— ———————————————————————————————————	
<b>т.</b>	
——————————————————————————————————————	

Directions: Have students trace and copy the digraph and words. Students should say the sounds while writing the letters.



**************************************		 	
	• 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	 	
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		 	
form -	7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	 	
yorn v	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	 	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		 	

Print the words on the lines where they fit best.

1. **ar**m 2. car 3. st**ar** 4. y**ar**n

5. cart







#### Dear Family Member,

Your child has been taught to read words with the vowel digraphs 'er' as in *her*, and 'ar' as in *car*. Ask your child to cut out the word cards. Have your child arrange the cards to make phrases or sentences. You may also ask your child to copy the phrases or sentences on the sheet of paper. Please keep the cards for future practice.

v <b>er</b> b	h <b>er</b> d	p <b>er</b> ch
the	m <b>ar</b> ch	one
y <b>ar</b> d	а	green
f <b>ar</b> m	ch <b>ar</b> t	f <b>er</b> n
this	big	is
st <b>ar</b> s	tree	b <b>ar</b> k

Name \_\_\_\_\_

5.1

## Spelling Test

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_\_

## Things That Swim

- 1. What is a trout?
  - a dog
  - a bug
  - a fish

Page\_\_\_\_

- 2. What parts of a trout help it hide?
  - spots and marks
  - mouth and teeth
  - fins and scales

Page \_\_\_\_\_

3.	Wh hic	nat big tish makes wee tish run and le?
	$\bigcirc$	trout
	$\circ$	reef sh <b>ar</b> k
	$\bigcirc$	squid
Pag	ge_	
4.		ny do reef sh <b>ar</b> ks make th <u>eir</u> home ose to reefs?
5.	Wł	nat do reef sh <b>ar</b> ks like to feed on?
Pac	ge	

# TAKE

#### Dear Family Member,

This is a story your child has probably read once, possibly several times, at school. Encourage your child to read the story to you and then talk about it together. Note that the tricky parts in Tricky Words are underlined in gray, and the new sound-spellings in this unit are bolded.

Repeated oral reading is an important way to improve reading skills. It can be fun for your child to repeatedly read this story to a friend, relative, or even a pet.

### Meet Vern

My name is Vern, and I have the best job! My job is to take you kids in to see the Green Fern Zoo.

We will see things with wings and things with scales, things that bite and things that sting, things that creep and things that swim.

I have lots of fun facts and tales to share with you. So let's see the zoo and have some fun!



## Dear Family Member,

Your child's spelling words for this week include the 'er', 'ar', and 'or' spellings that your child has been learning in this unit. Your child should practice reading and writing these words. The last spelling word is a Tricky Word. Tricky Words do not play by the rules, meaning there are spellings that do not sound the way students would expect them to. These words need to be memorized.



## Spelling Words Lesson 6

- 1. sharp
- 2. fern
- 3. start
- 4. spoil
- 5. verb
- 6. shark
- 7. crawl
- 8. Tricky Word: because

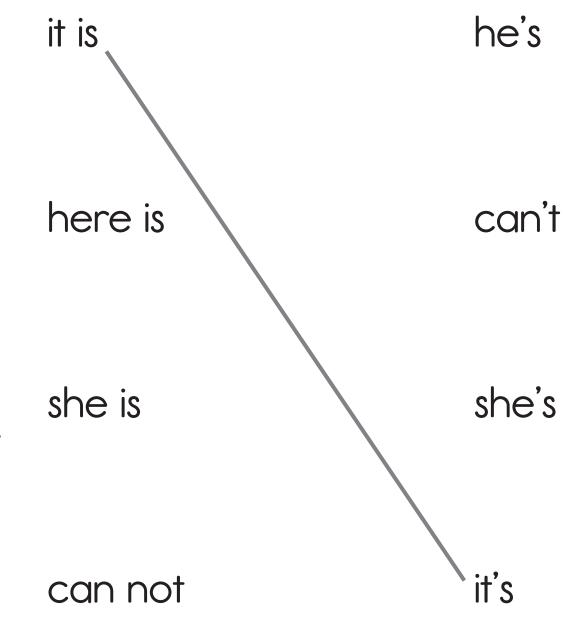
st <b>ar</b> s	p <b>er</b> k	look	f <b>er</b> n	shout
oil	claws	moon	sh <b>ar</b> k	h <b>er</b> d

- 1. There is not a \_\_\_\_\_ in this lake.
- 2. The car needs \_\_\_\_\_ in it.
- 3. That cat has sharp \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. The flag has \_\_\_\_\_ and stripes.
- 5. My mom had to ask us not to

st <b>ar</b> s	p <b>er</b> k	look	f <b>er</b> n	shout
oil	claws	moon	sh <b>ar</b> k	h <b>er</b> d

- 6. She must \_\_\_\_\_ up and not sleep!
- 7. I saw a \_\_\_\_\_ of deer in the woods.
- 8. I would like to see the Green

  ---- Zoo.
- 9. \_\_\_\_\_ at that big wave!
- 10. We look up at the stars and the \_\_\_\_ when it gets dark.



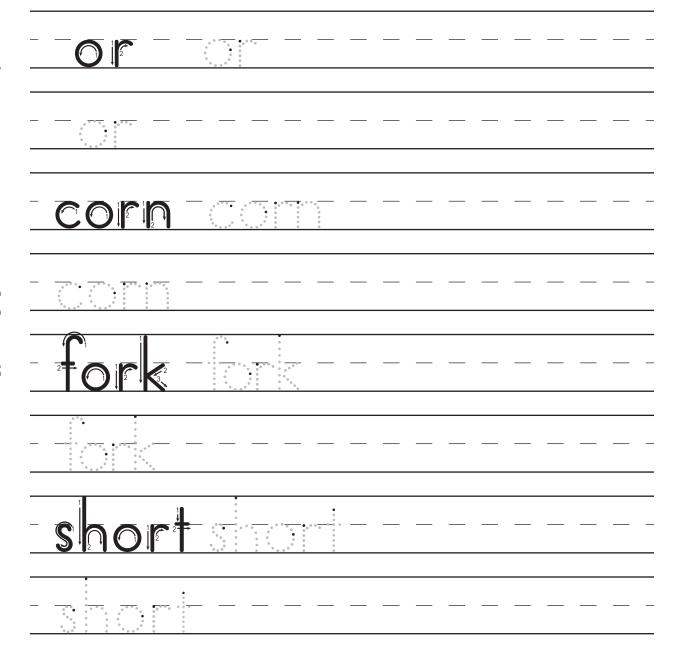
he is

here's

can't let's here's she's let's Bert's

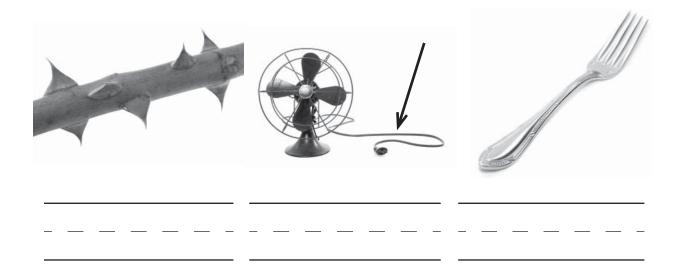
- 1. \_\_\_\_\_ sad.
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ hot out.
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ run to the p**ar**k.
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_ a good pal.
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ my class.
- 6. We \_\_\_\_\_ see the sharks.





In the box are six words. Print them on the lines where they fit best.

stork fork thorns
corn shorts cord





# TAKE

#### Dear Family Member,

Your child has been learning to read and write contractions. Work with your child to write each sentence with the contracted form of the words in parentheses. Extension: Use contractions orally with your child, pausing to discuss the formation of the contracted form.

- glad we can have (he is) cake. 2. with her gran. (she is) 3. run to the park! (let us) 4. ride a bike. (can not)
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ the book!

Name \_\_\_\_\_

8.1

Drections: Have students copy the word onto the left side of the paper, fold it in half, and then write the word from memory on the right side of the paper.

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

° 10.

1.

2.

3.

4

5.

6

7.

8.

9.

10.

This is a story your child has probably read once, possibly several times, at school. Encourage your child to read the story to you and then talk about it together. The tricky parts in tricky words are underlined in gray. Please note that the multi-syllable words that students encounter in the Readers and Workbook will be divided between syllables with a dot. This dot serves as an early cue to assist students in chunking words, and will be omitted in later units.

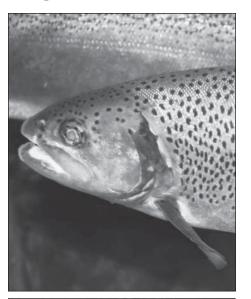


Repeated oral reading is an important way to improve reading skills. It can be fun for your child to repeatedly read this story to a friend, relative, or even a pet.

## Things That Swim

I hope you kids like things that swim, because this is the room where we keep all the fish.

The fish here are trout. A trout is a fish that swims in cool lakes and creeks. You can see that they have lots of spots and marks. The spots and marks help the trout hide. They make the trout look a lot like the sand on the bed of a creek.





Here's a big fish that makes all of the wee fish run and hide. This is a reef sh**ar**k. It has that name be cause it likes to make its home close to a reef, where there are lots of fish.

You can see that the reef shark has fins and a set of gills on its side. You can not see them from here, but this shark has lots of sharp teeth in its mouth.

Would a reef shark bite you? Well, you are not the lunch that this shark would like best. A reef shark likes to feed on squid, crabs, and shrimp. But it would be smart not to get the reef shark mad at you all the same!





# Chimps

- 1. Green Fern Zoo has \_\_\_\_\_ chimps.
  - o one
  - o five
  - o ten
- 2. Who is Bess?
  - a chimp
  - Vern's pal
  - o a shark
- 3. What do chimps not like to munch on?
  - plants
  - seeds
  - o rocks

4. V	Vhat will B <b>ar</b> t have f <b>or</b> lunch?
_	
-	
_	
_	
_	
5. V	Vhat will Max d <u>o</u> f <b>or</b> fun?
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	
	Vhy were C <b>ar</b> l and N <b>or</b> m not pals last veek?
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	
_	

Name \_\_\_\_\_



# Spelling Test

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_\_

## Mandrills

1. Is a male man·drill's nose green?

 	- — — –	- — — –	 
 	- — — –		 - — — -

2. What makes man-drills look and feel good?


Directions: On a separate sheet of paper, have students illustrate one of the nouns from the story.

- 3. What is the verb in, "We feed man-drills ants, grass-es, nuts, bark, plant shoots, and roots."
  - o man-drills
  - o feed
  - o bark

HOME

#### Dear Family Member,

This is a story your child has probably read once, possibly several times, at school. Encourage your child to read the story to you and then talk about it together. The tricky parts in Tricky Words are underlined in gray. Please note that the multi-syllable words are divided between syllables with a dot. This dot serves as a cue to assist students in chunking syllables, and will be omitted in later units.

Repeated oral reading is an important way to improve reading skills. It can be fun for your child to repeatedly read this story to a friend, relative, or even a pet.

## Chimps

Next, let's see the chimps. We have ten chimps here at the Green Fern Zoo. You can see them all out there if you look hard.

The one you see here is Bess. She has a snack in her mouth. Bess and the rest of the chimps like to munch on plants, nuts, and seeds.

Do you see that chimp with the stick? That's Bart. Bart likes to have ants for lunch. To get the ants, he takes a stick and sticks it in an ant hill. Then he lifts it up





and licks off the ants. Yum, yum!

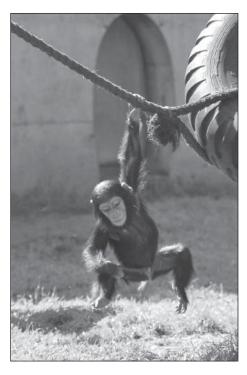
The chimp with the rope in his hand is Max. He's just a babe. He was born in March. Bess is his mom.

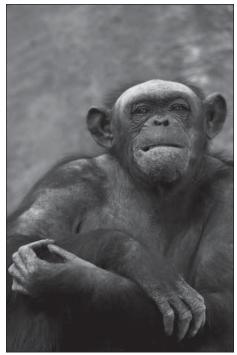
Max is a lot of fun. He likes to swing on the rope and splash in the pool.

The two chimps up on the rocks are Carl and Norm. Carl is the one on the left. Carl and Norm are pals. But they were not pals last week.

Last week we gave them a branch from a fig tree for lunch. Norm took the branch and ran off with it. He ate all of the figs. Carl was mad at Norm all week.

But that was last week. This week the two of them are pals.







Our class has begun reading and writing two-syllable words. The spelling words this week are two-syllable words which may be more challenging than the previous one-syllable words. Your child may find it helpful to practice writing and remembering the spelling words syllable by syllable.

## Spelling Words Lesson 11

- 1. zipper
- 2. barking
- 3. perfume
- 4. morning
- 5. carpet
- 6. forest
- 7. border
- 8. Tricky Word: today

Mark the words that are said and print them on the lines.

- 1. arm·pit art·ist
- 2. sneez·ing sniff·ing
- 3. bas·kets bask·ing
- 4. nap·kin napp·ing \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 5. broil·ing boil·ing \_\_\_\_\_

6.	twist <b>·er</b>	tweez• <b>er</b>	
7.	un·like	un·less	
8.	cor·ner	c <b>or</b> ·net	
9.	win•t <b>er</b>	winn• <b>er</b>	
10.	ant·hill	ant·l <b>er</b>	

Your child has been taught to read words with the vowel digraphs 'er' as in her, 'ar' as in car, and 'or' as in for. Ask your child to cut out the word cards. Show the cards to your child and have your child read them. Then have your child read the word cards from previous take-home worksheets. Extension: Ask your child to copy the words onto a sheet of paper. Further extension: Read the words aloud and have your child write the words down, one sound at a time, paying attention to the vowel digraphs. Please keep the cards for future practice.

h <b>er</b> d	storm	f <b>ar</b> m
st <b>ar</b> t	cl <b>er</b> k	b <b>or</b> n
term	sp <b>or</b> ts	p <b>ar</b> k
short	p <b>ar</b> ts	her

- 1. The pig snorts.
- 2. The dog barks.
- 3. The car stops.
- 4. The shark hunt-ed.
- 5. The man helped.

- — —	 	 · — — —	 
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

# Things with Wings

- 1. The puff•in makes his home \_\_\_\_\_
  - in hot lands
  - o up n**or**th
  - in the grass

Page \_\_\_\_\_

- 2. The puff·in's feet help him \_\_\_\_\_
  - o swim
  - sleep
  - get a snack

Page \_\_\_\_\_

3.	Who	at can a puff·in use to get fish?	
	$\circ$	his feet	
	$\circ$	his eggs	
	$\bigcirc$	his bill	
Po	age _		
4.	Puff	ins are b <b>or</b> n from	
	The	puff·in mom and	_ sit
	on t	h <u>eir</u> egg. In the end, the	
	pop	os out of the shell.	
5.	Who	at can a finch use to get food?	

This is a story your child has probably read once, possibly several times, at school. Encourage your child to read the story to you and then talk about it together. The tricky parts in Tricky Words are underlined in gray. Please note that the multi-syllable words are divided between syllables with a dot. This dot serves as a cue to assist students in chunking syllables, and will be omitted in later units.

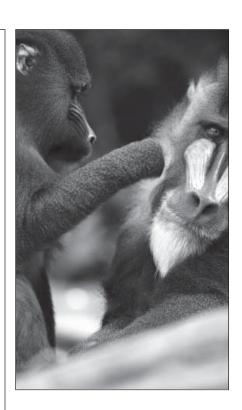
Repeated oral reading is an important way to improve reading skills. It can be fun for your child to repeatedly read this story to a friend, relative, or even a pet.

## **Mandrills**

Here you can see t<u>wo</u> man·drills. Man·drills are a lot like chimps.

Do you like the red nose? The man-drill with the red nose is a male.

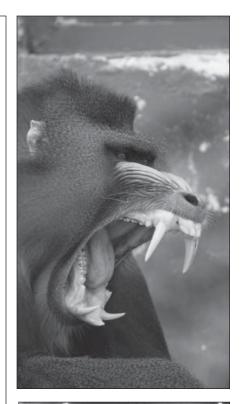
The man-drill on the left is groom-ing the male with the red nose. She is look-ing for ticks and bugs. Man-drills like groom-ing be-cause it makes them look good and feel good, too.



Look! One of the man-drills is yawn-ing! You can see that he has long, sh**ar**p teeth. Those sh**ar**p teeth help him chop up his food.

Man·drills like a lot of foods. We feed our man·drills ants, grass, nuts, b**ar**k, plant shoots, and roots.

Man·drills have sacks in·side their cheeks. They can stuff food in the sacks and keep it there un·til they need a snack. Then they pop the food out and munch on it!





Name \_\_\_\_\_

13.1

Directions: Have students underline the past-tense marker 'ed' in each verb. Then have students write the past-tense verbs that end in led! under the led! header, the verbs that end in Id! under the Id! header, and the verbs that end in It! under the It! header.

bed parked	ed hiked	/1/
	WQVed	/‡/
ounded	lifted	
help <u>ed</u> sound-ed f <b>or</b> med	baked	/p/
grinned	smil <b>ed</b>	/K
started grinned	pointed	/ed/

Your child has been learning about contractions, nouns, and verbs. For the first part of this worksheet, have your child circle the nouns in the sentence, and underline the verbs with a squiggly line. Review with your child that a noun is a person, place, or thing, and a verb is a word that shows action. Please note that the number of nouns in each sentence is noted in parentheses. For the second part, have your child draw a line to match the words with its contraction.



- 1. The cat naps in the yard. (2)
- 2. The cook made a cake. (2)
- 3. The kid rides a bike to the p**ar**k. (3)
- 4. The tree shakes. (1)
- 5. A big dog b**ar**ks. (1)

it is

there's

there is

she's

let us

it's

here is

let's

she is

here's

Directions: For each word, have students circle and count the spellings, then write the number of sounds in the box and copy the word on the lines. For an extra challenge, ask students to write the number of syllables in the circle.

- 1. ham ster
- 6 hamster 2

2. green

- 3. win·ter

4. slime

5. good

- 6. gar·lic

7. shout

61

8.	p	a	W	S
•	_	•	•	







12. Woods



13. for · get



14. zipp·ers



## Yes or No?

1. Is green slime a good food?



2. Do gar·lic and a rose smell the same?



3. Do cats have paws?



4. Is a pum·pkin black?



5. Can a pig ride a bike?



6. Is pop-c**or**n a good snack?

7.	Do camp∙ <b>er</b> s sleep in tents?	
8.	Is a v <b>er</b> b a word?	
9.	W <u>oul</u> d you like to win a prize?	
10.	Can a dog tell time?	
11.	Is it hot in the win·t <b>er</b> ?	
12.	Do coins have zipp∙ <b>er</b> s?	

# Big Cats

1. Name three things that a bob·cat hunts.


2. Why should you not keep a bob-cat in your home?


3.	What helps a pan-th <b>er</b> hunt?

- 4. A pan-ther can be...
  - green with stripes.
  - black or tan, or can have spots.
  - o red with tan dots.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

# Spelling Test

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_\_

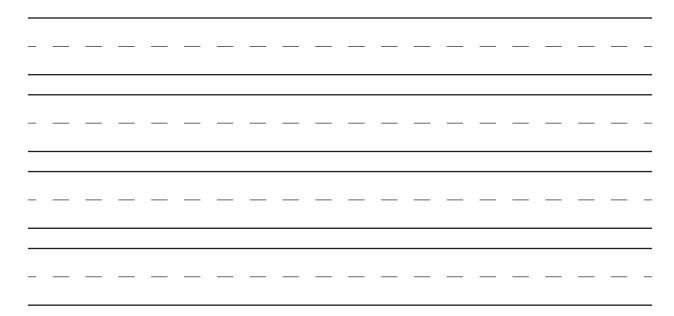
8. \_\_\_\_\_

## Groundhogs

What do ground hogs use their claws for?

 _
 _
_
_
 _

2. Why do ground-hogs have to be on the look-out when they are not in their holes?



3.	Where was Pepp·er when she got out from her pen?
4.	What did Pepp·er stuff her·self with?



#### Dear Family Member,

The spelling words for this week are two-syllable words that contain the 'er', 'ar', and 'or' spelling. Your child can practice reading and writing these words, as well as clap the syllables for them. The last spelling word is a Tricky Word. Tricky Words do not play by the rules, meaning there are spellings that do not sound the way students would expect them to. These words need to be memorized.

### Spelling Words Lesson 16

- 1. sounded
- 2. lifted
- 3. pointed
- 4. parked
- 5. waved
- 6. grinned
- 7. tripped
- 8. Tricky Word: have

## The Reptile Room

1. What do gar·ter snakes feed on?

 · — — —	 	<del></del>	

2. Why are gar-ter snakes harm-less for us?


3.	A ratt·ler has a patt·ern on his scales so that
4.	Why is a ratt-ler not harm-less for us?

- 1. To-day kids march in line.
- 2. Yes·ter·day kids marched in line.
- 3. To·morr·ow kids will march in line.
- 4. To-day the cat naps on the car-pet.
- 5. Yes·t**er**·day the cat napped on the c**ar**·pet.
- 6. To·m<u>orr·ow</u> the cat will nap on the c**ar**·pet.
- 7. To-day the man bikes at the park.
- 8. Yes·t**er**·day the man biked at the p**ar**k.
- 9. To·m<u>orr·ow</u> the man will bike at the p**ar**k.

# TAKE

#### Dear Family Member,

Your child has been practicing reading two-syllable words. Below are two sections from a story about reptiles at the Green Fern Zoo. Have your child read the story and fill in the blank with the correct word.

critters gareter harmeless killer



This is a \_\_\_\_\_\_ snake. Gar·ter snakes feed on slugs, in·sects, and frogs. For those \_\_\_\_\_\_, the gar·ter snake is a \_\_\_\_\_\_. A gar·ter snake could bite you, but its bite would not make you sick. For us, a gar·ter snake is \_\_\_\_\_.

dwell-**er** patt-ern des-ert ratt-ler



This is a \_\_\_\_\_. A ratt-ler is a

des-ert \_\_\_\_\_ that hunts for

rats and rabb·its. He has a \_\_\_\_\_ on his

scales that helps him blend in and hide in the

sands. When the ratt-ler

is hidden, it is hard for rats and rabbits to see him.

HOME

#### Dear Family Member,

This is a story your child has probably read once, possibly several times, at school. Encourage your child to read the story to you and then talk about it together. The tricky parts in Tricky Words are underlined in gray. Please note that the multi-syllable words are divided between syllables with a dot. This dot serves as a cue to assist students in chunking syllables, and will be omitted in later units.

Repeated oral reading is an important way to improve reading skills. It can be fun for your child to repeatedly read this story to a friend, relative, or even a pet.

## Things With Wings

Next, let's see some things with wings.

This is a puff·in. He makes his home up n**or**th, not too f**ar** from the N**or**th Pole.

Look at those cute feet!
But they are not just cute. The puff·in's feet help him swim.

Note, as well, his big bill. The puff-in can use his bill to get fish.





Puff·ins are born from eggs. The puff·in mom and dad sit on their egg. The mom sits. Then the dad sits. In the end, the chick pops out of the shell. The mom and dad take care of the chick un·til it can care for it·self. Look! That puff·in has fish in her bill! She will feed those fish to her chick.

In this next room, we have a finch. Un·like the puff·in, the finch makes a home in wood·lands. He can use his bill to snap up grass seeds for food.

I'm sad to tell you that the finch is gett-ing to be quite rare. We are proud to have five of them here at the Green Fern Zoo.





each word in the slashes. Then have students write the past-tense verbs that end in /ed/ under the /ed/ header, the verbs that Directions: Have students underline the past-tense marker 'ed' in each verb. Then have students write the final sound(s) in end in IdI under the IdI header, and the verbs that end in ItI under the ItI header.

<del>st<b>ar</b>t ed-</del> /ed/	grinn <u>ed</u> /d/	/t/- <del>bo</del> d <del> od</del>	marched /	/ add.ed /
/ / <b>pa</b> weas	sn <b>or</b> ted / /	/ wished / /	rubbed /	

## **Termites**

1. What are ter-mites?


2. What is in-side a ter-mite mound?


3.	What do t <b>er</b> ·mites look like?
4.	Why would a t <b>er</b> ·mite munch on your home?
<b>4.</b>	Why would a ter·mite munch on your home?
<b>4.</b>	Why would a ter·mite munch on your home?
<b>4.</b>	Why would a ter-mite munch on your home?

Name \_\_\_\_\_



# Spelling Test

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_\_

In the box are six words. Print them on the lines where they fit best.

gar·lic dinn·er cool·er

hamm·er jump·er hor·net













In the box are six words. Print them on the lines where they fit best.

blend·er pop·corn num·ber car·pet for·est gar·den







48







# Check the Draft Step by Step



1. Check that the name of the thing is there. 2. Check that you des-cribed what it looks like. 3. Check that you des-cribed the feel, sound, and taste of the thing. 4. Check that you ended with a fun fact or if you like the thing. 5. Aa. Bb. Cc 6. ? . ! 7. Check that the words are spelled well.

## River Otters

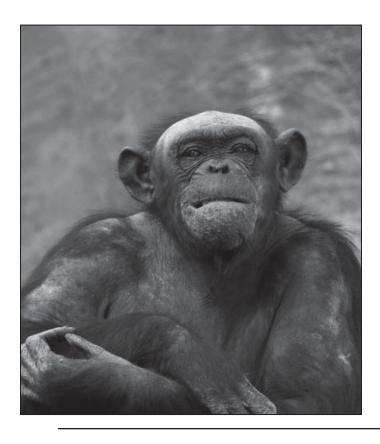
1. What do river otters like to do?

_	 	 	 	 	 		 		 	_
_		 _	 	 	 				 	
_										

- 2. Which is NOT the river otters' home?
  - nests on land
  - o the river
  - up in trees
- 3. What part helps river otters swim fast?
  - webbed paws
  - point-ed nose
  - sharp claws

┦.	Who	nt do	riv• <b>er</b>	· ott·	<b>er</b> s li	ke f <b>c</b>	or foc	od?	
_									
_									

Name of Critter:



I will des-cribe:

What it looks like: \_\_\_\_\_

What it sounds like:
What it feels like:
Where is its home?

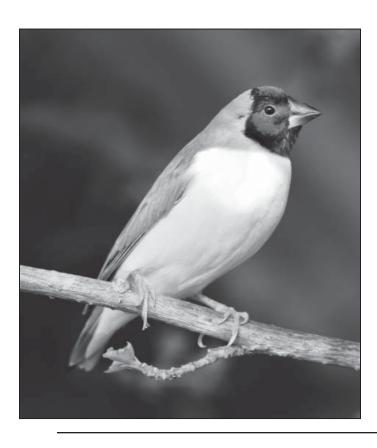
Name of Critt·er:



What it looks like:

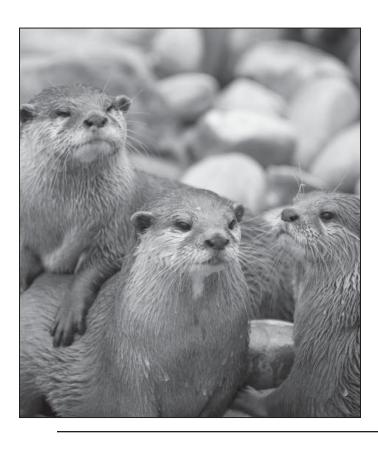
What it sounds like:
What it feels like:
Where is its home?
What food would it like?

Name of Critt·er:



What it looks like:

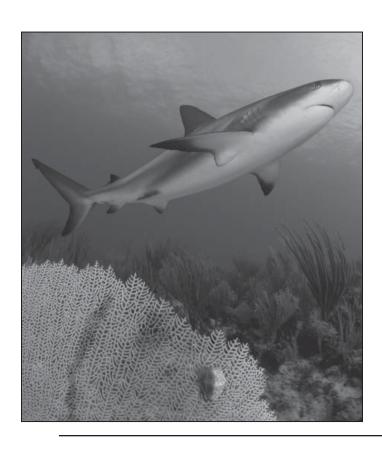
What it sounds like:
What it feels like:
Where is its home?



Ι	wil	de	<b>es</b> ·c	crik	oe:												
_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	 	_	—	_	 	_	_

What it sounds like:
What it feels like:
Where is its home?
What food would it like?

Name of Critter:



T will des-cribe:		
-		
What it looks like:	 	

What it sounds like:
What it feels like:
Where is its home?
What food would it like?



T will des-cribe:		
-		
What it looks like:		

What it sounds like:
What it feels like:
Where is its home?
What food would it like?

(lick)

Yes·ter·day the dog

the food on the car.pet.

My pal

Fran lost her tem·per and

(yell)

wood in her (chop) back-yard

5. a cake yes·t**er**·day (bake)

for my class.

# TAKE

#### Dear Family Member,

This is a story your child has probably read once, possibly several times, at school. Encourage your child to read the story to you and then talk about it together. The tricky parts in Tricky Words are underlined in gray. Please note that the multi-syllable words are divided between syllables with a dot. This dot serves as a cue to assist students in chunking syllables, and will be omitted in later units.

Repeated oral reading is an important way to improve reading skills. It can be fun for your child to repeatedly read this story to a friend, relative, or even a pet.

## Big Cats

Do you like cats? If you do, look there in the grass. Do you see the cat?

That is not the sort of cat that you keep in your home and feed cat food. That is a bob·cat.

Bob·cats are good hunt·**er**s. They hunt rabb·its, rats, and some·times deer and sheep.

That bob·cat's name is Rob·ert, or Bob for short. Get it?

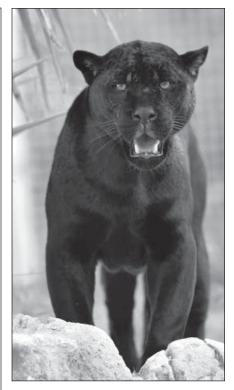


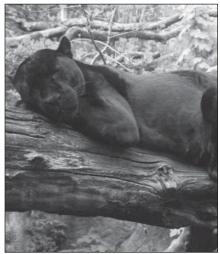
If you look up on that rock, you will see a cat that's bigger than a bob·cat. It's a pan·ther.

Pan·thers can have spots. They can be tan, too. Here at the Green Fern Zoo, we have two black pan·thers. The name of this one is Jet.

That's Jet's sis·ter, Flash, up on the tree branch. Flash has strong legs that help her run fast. She has sharp teeth and sharp claws that help her hunt rabbits and deer. She can use her claws to scam·per up a tree if she needs to.

You can see that she is not all black like Jet. She has some spots.





Name of Critter:
I will des·cribe
Des·cribe what it looks like, sounds like, and feels like:

-													
-	 	- —		- —	_			_	_	_			
Home:													
	 				_			_	_	_			
Food: ——													
	 		- —	_	—			—	—	_			
	 								_				
_													
Fun Fact: –													
<u> </u>													
	 		- —		—	—		—	—	—	—	—	
	 						—		—		—		
End:													
LI 14. ——													
	 		- —			_		_		_			

#### Dear Family Member,

Your child has been learning about nouns and verbs. The dot in words shows that this is a two-syllable word. Please have your child read the sentences, then circle the nouns and underline the verbs with a squiggly line. You may ask your child to act out the action.



- 1. The dog barks.
- 2. To-day my sis-ter will take a nap.
- 3. To·m<u>orr·ow</u> the kid will sing a song.
- 4. Yes-ter-day the cat licked her paws.
- 5. To·m<u>orr·ow</u> Gran will bake a cake.

- 6. To day the man point ed to the clouds.
- 7. Yes·ter·day my pal took a trip.
- 8. To day the shark swims.
- 9. The kid grinned at us.
- 10. Yes·t**er**·day the ground·hog was stuffed with food.

# Check the Draft Step by Step

Name of Part·ner:	
Ed·it·ed by:	

Step	Check?
Check that the name of the critt <b>·er</b> is there.	
Check that you des-cribed what it looks like.	
Check that you des-cribed its home.	
Check that you des-cribed its food.	
Check that you list-ed a fun fact.	
Aa, Bb, Cc and ? .!	
Check that the words are spelled well.	

### Dear Family Member,

Your child has been learning about compound words. Please have your child read the compound words in the box and place them in the correct sentence. Your child will practice making up their own silly compound words on the back of the worksheet.



bath·tub pop·c**or**n gum·drop back·pack lunch·box

- 1. My snack is in my \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. I like \_\_\_\_\_ for a snack.
- 3. This \_\_\_\_\_\_ is sweet!
- 4. I take a bath in the \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. The book is in my \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Direction. of the com

	+	= -	
1.	+	=	
2.	+	=	
<ol> <li>1.</li> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	+	=	
4.	+	=	

#### Part I

- 1. The dog b**ar**ks.
- 2. To day the shark swims.
- 3. To·morr·ow the kid will sing.
- 4. Yes·t**er**·day the cat walked.
- 5. To·morr·ow Gran will bake.

#### Part II

it is there's

there is she's

let us it's

here is let's

she is here's

#### Part III

To·day I bake.

Yes·t**er**·day I \_\_\_\_\_\_.

To·morr·ow I will \_\_\_\_\_.

To-day you smile.

Yes·ter·day you \_\_\_\_\_.

To·morr·ow you will \_\_\_\_\_.

To·day I hike.

Yes·t**er**·day I \_\_\_\_\_\_.

To·morr·ow I will \_\_\_\_\_.

To-day she points.

Yes·t**er**·day she \_\_\_\_\_.

To·morr·ow she will \_\_\_\_\_.

## Amber the Bat

This is Am·ber. Am·ber looks a bit like a fox. But she has wings and swings from trees. In fact, Am·ber is a bat.

Am·ber needs a lot of room to glide back and forth be·cause she has a wing·span of five feet. In fact, bats like Am·ber are the bigg·est bats there are!

Am·ber makes her home here at Green Fern Zoo. She has all the room she needs at the zoo. Some bats like Am·ber make their homes in the trop·ics, where the sun shines and it is hot.

Bats like Am·ber feed on plant parts and poll·en. They can smell lots of things, so they use their nose to look for food. They use their wings to glide from plant to plant to gath·er their food. In fact, they can trav·el up to 40 miles to gath·er food!

Look at Am·ber here in the tree. Am·ber likes to do things up-side down. She hangs out up·side down. She sleeps up·side down. When she has food, she clings to the branch with her feet and will munch on her food up·side down! What can you do up·side down?



- 1. What is Am·ber?
  - o a fox
  - a bat
  - a dog
  - o a cat
- 2. Am·ber's wings are \_\_\_\_\_ long.
  - o three feet
  - three wing-spans
  - two feet
  - o five feet

3.	Where do bats like Am·ber make their								
	homes?								
	$\circ$	up in the n <b>or</b> th							
	$\circ$	in the trop·ics							
	$\circ$	in the des· <b>er</b> t							
	$\bigcirc$	in cool lakes							
4.	Wh	nat do bats like Am·b <b>er</b> feed on?							
	$\circ$	fish							
	$\bigcirc$	grubs and slugs							
	$\bigcirc$	milk							
	$\circ$	plant parts and poll·en							
5.	What part do bats like Am·ber use to look								
	for	food?							
	$\circ$	nose							
	$\circ$	legs							
	$\bigcirc$	teeth							
	$\circ$	fins							

- 6. Bats like Am·ber can trav·el...
  - up to 10 miles to gath·er food
  - o up to 40 miles to gath er food
  - o as far as three miles to gath er food
  - as far as five feet to gath er food
- 7. What things can Am·ber do up·side down?
  - sing a sweet song, sleep, and munch on food
  - hang out, trav·el, and sleep
  - hang out, sleep, and munch on food
  - just munch on food

8. It says, "Am·b**er** needs a lot of room to glide back and f**or**th . . ."

Glide is a word for:

- o swim
- trav·el
- o hop
- sleep
- 9. Why would Am·b**er** need a lot of room to glide back and f**or**th?
  - be-cause there are lots of bats at the
  - be-cause she is one of the bigg-est bats there are
  - be-cause there are lots of in-sects at the zoo
  - be-cause there are trees at the zoo

	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
	**************************************	
	**************************************	
Corn		

1 2	 
1	 
COMP	



Count the sounds in the words. Print the num·b**er** of sounds in the box·es and print the words on the lines.

- 1. hammer

- 2. b**or**n
- \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

- 3. b**ar**ns
- \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

- 4. darker
- \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

- 5. cooler
- - - - -

- 6. pepp·er
- - - - -

- 7. riv·er
- \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

8. sharks

9.	horns	-	 					_	_
10.	blis·t <b>er</b>	-	 		_			_	
		-							
11.	cook <b>ed</b>	-	 						_
12.	c <b>ar</b> ·pet	- - -	 _	_	_	_	_	_	_
13.	chill <b>ed</b>	-	 						_
14.	lett- <b>er</b>	-	 _		_				_
15.	sn <b>or</b> ·ing	-	 _	_	_				_
16.	g <b>ar</b> ·lic	-	 		_	_			_
		-							

her /er/ barn /ar/ Directions: Have students write the /r/-controlled vowel sound in each word in the slashes. Then have students write the hard / bett-er lan·tern / words with the ler! sound under the ler! header and the words with the lar! sound under the lar! header. car·pet / herd / arm d**ar**kness per-fect / /er/ /ar/

<del>b<b>ar</b>n</del> /ar/	h <b>or</b> n /or/
p <b>ar</b> k <b>ed</b> / /	f <b>or</b> ks / /
y <b>ar</b> d / /	pop·c <b>or</b> n / /
f <b>or</b> med / /	g <b>ar</b> ·den / /
h <b>ar</b> ·vest / /	t <b>or</b> ch / /
/ar/	/or/
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

Directions: Have students cut out the word cards and place them on the matching words on Worksheet PP5.

c <u>oul</u> d	asked	num·b <b>er</b>
h <b>ar</b> d	st <b>ar</b> t·ed	seemed
short	h <b>or</b> n	t <u>wo</u>
liked	spelled	runn• <b>er</b> s
p <b>or</b> ch	cars	helped

Directions: Have students read the word cards from Worksheet PP4 and place them on top of the matching words on this worksheet.

t <u>wo</u>	h <b>or</b> n	short
c <u>oul</u> d	num·b <b>er</b>	asked
st <b>ar</b> t·ed	h <b>ar</b> d	liked
p <b>or</b> ch	spelled	runn• <b>er</b> s
cars	helped	seemed



Mark the words that are said and print them on the lines.

1.	sh <b>or</b> t·en	sh <b>or</b> t· <b>er</b>	
2.	g <b>ar</b> ·den	g <b>ar</b> ·lic	
3.	sn <b>o</b> r·ing	sn <b>ar</b> l·ing	
4.	h <b>or</b> ·net	h <b>or</b> s·es	
5.	m <b>ar</b> ·ket	m <b>ar</b> ker	
6.	bett· <b>er</b>	bitt <b>·er</b>	
7.	f <b>or</b> ·tress	f <b>or</b> ·est	
	for·tress har·vest		

Print the words.



Print the words.

Shairp	



sport		
north	**************************************	
SPOP		
thorn-	- 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	

perk	
· Cern	
Vero	
perch	

perch	

Print the words on the lines where they fit best.

1. shark





2. hammer





3. hor net





4. zipp·er





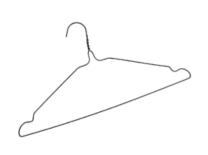
5. st**or**k





In the box are six words. Print them on the lines where they fit best.

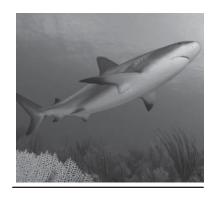
sh <b>ar</b> k	f <b>or</b> k	hang· <b>er</b>
sc <b>ar</b> f	cake	h <b>or</b> n







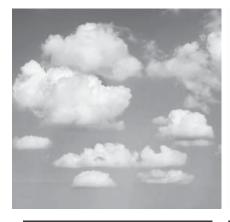






In the box are six words. Print them on the lines where they fit best.

hor·net ham·ster hawk
gar·lic cloud pop·corn













Directions: Have students copy the word onto the left side of the paper, fold it in half, and then write the word from memory on the right side of the paper.

1.	 	 	 		 _
2.	 	 	 	_	 _

3.	_	 	 	 	 	_

4.					

6.	 	 	 	 	 

1.	 	 	 	 	 
••					

2.		 	 	_	_	 _



yestero	
Tomorico	
<u></u>	 
- too	 
nere	
SOYS	 



Mark the words that are said.

1.	big st <b>or</b> m	big step

## 10. far.ther north far.ther south

barking carpet bookcase forest

- 1. Jen went \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the yard.
- 2. Kate set the books on the

\_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Brent was \_\_\_\_\_a song.

4. There are lots of trees in a

5. The dog was \_\_\_\_\_all morning.

6. There is a red \_\_\_\_\_ in this room.

fast·**er** jump·ing
ant·l**er**s lunch·time
tem·p**er** tool·box

- 1. Ben likes \_\_\_\_\_ on the bed.
- 2. Dad got his \_\_\_\_\_so he could fix the pipe.
- 3. Trish is fast, but Beth is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. Mom lost her \_\_\_\_\_ and yelled at the dog.
- 5. The deer has sharp\_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. Is it \_\_\_\_\_yet?

blis·ters park·ing matt·ress licked sand·wich Fire·men

- 1. Af·t**er** the hike I had \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on my feet.
- 2. Fran ate h**er** \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. Dad found a \_\_\_\_\_ spot for the car.
- 4. \_\_\_\_ ride on a red truck.
- 5. I have a soft \_\_\_\_\_\_ on my bed.
- 6. The man was \_\_\_\_\_ by a dog.

melt·ed muff·ins
pop·c**or**n nos·trils **ar**t·ist sev·en

- 1. The flame \_\_\_\_\_ the wax.
- 2. Can you bake \_\_\_\_\_ f**or** me?
- 3. An \_\_\_\_\_ makes **ar**t.
- 4. After six we count to \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. Is it fun to pop \_\_\_\_\_?
- 6. Your nose has two \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Yes or no? Print yes or no on the lines.

- Do kids have a bed-time?
- 2. Are your bones soft?
- 3. Do artists use brushes?
- 4. Can a backy**ar**d have grass?
- 5. Sh<u>oul</u>d you make a camp·fire in·side?
- 6. Can children drive cars?
- 7. Do kitt-ens have teeth?
- 8. Could a plant sip a milk shake?

Sh<u>oul</u>d you drop trash on the ground? 2. Do some parks have slides? 3. Can you bake a cake in a round pan? Is a trip to the den-tist fun? 5. Can you hike out-side in the summer? 6. Would a pet fish like to sleep in a bed? 7. Are pig·lets cute? Is seven a number?

#### Dear Family Member,

This is a story your child has probably read once, possibly several times, at school. Encourage your child to read the story to you and then talk about it together. The tricky parts in Tricky Words are underlined in gray. Please note that the multi-syllable words are divided between syllables with a dot. This dot serves as a cue to assist students in chunking syllables, and will be omitted in later units.

Repeated oral reading is an important way to improve reading skills. It can be fun for your child to repeatedly read this story to a friend, relative, or even a pet.

### **Mandrills**

Here you can see t<u>wo</u> man·drills. Man·drills are a lot like chimps.

Do you like the red nose? The man-drill with the red nose is a male.

The man-drill on the left is groom-ing the male with the red nose. She is look-ing for ticks and bugs. Man-drills like groom-ing be-cause it makes them look good and feel good, too.



Look! One of the man-drills is yawn ing! You can see that he has long, sharp teeth. Those sharp teeth help him chop up his food.

Man·drills like a lot of foods. We feed our man-drills ants, grass, nuts, bark, plant shoots, and roots.

Man·drills have sacks in·side of their cheeks. They can stuff food in the sacks and keep it there un til they need a snack. Then they pop the food out and munch on it!





#### Dear Family Member,

This is a story your child has probably read once, possibly several times, at school. Encourage your child to read the story to you and then talk about it together. The tricky parts in Tricky Words are underlined in gray. Please note that the multi-syllable words are divided between syllables with a dot. This dot serves as a cue to assist students in chunking syllables, and will be omitted in later units.

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## Groundhogs

Here you can see a ground hog.

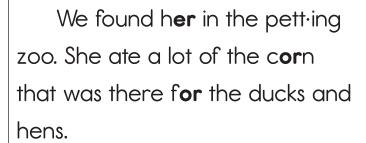
Ground hogs have sharp claws that help them dig holes in the ground. They spend a lot of time down in those dark holes.

Ground-hogs like to feed on grass and plants. But when they run out of their holes to get food, they have to be on the look-out. Some critt-ers, like bob-cats and snakes. like to dine on ground-hogs. This ground-hog here is sitting up to see if there is a snake or a bob-cat close by.





This ground-hog is named Pepp·er. We feed her grass, tree bark, and in-sects, but the food that she likes best is corn. We found that out yes·ter·day morning when she got out from her pen.





HOME

#### Dear Family Member,

This is a story your child has probably read once, possibly several times, at school. Encourage your child to read the story to you and then talk about it together. The tricky parts in Tricky Words are underlined in gray. Please note that the multi-syllable words are divided between syllables with a dot. This dot serves as a cue to assist students in chunking syllables, and will be omitted in later units.

Repeated oral reading is an important way to improve reading skills. It can be fun for your child to repeatedly read this story to a friend, relative, or even a pet.

### **Termites**

What do you kids like to have for lunch? Hot dogs? Chicken nuggets?

What if I gave you a lump of wood **or** a big tree stump f**or** lunch? Would you like that?

Well, if you were a ter·mite, you would like it. Ter·mites are in·sects that like to munch on wood.

See this big spike sticking up from the ground? It looks sort of like a rock, but it is a termite mound. If you could look in side, you would see lots of termites.

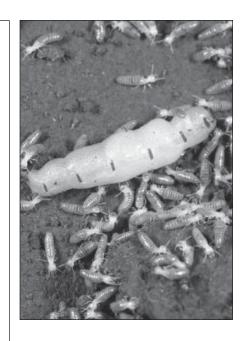




If you would like to see what ter·mites look like, take a peek in this box.

As you can see, **ter**·mites look a lot like ants. They have six legs like ants. A **ter**·mite mound has a queen who makes eggs, just like in an ant·hill. Here you can see that the **ter**·mite queen is much bigger than the rest of the ter·mites.

Would a ter-mite munch on your home? It would if your home is made of wood. The ter·mites from a big mound could have your living room for lunch and your bed-room for dinn-er!

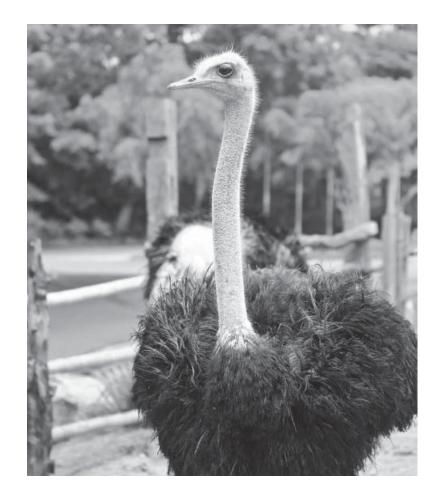


## The Ostrich

- 1. The os-trich at the Green Fern Zoo tips the scales at...
  - three hun-dred pounds.
  - two pounds.
  - two hun-dred pounds.
- 2. Can an ostrich run fast?

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Directions: Have students write about the animal in the picture or copy their favorite sentences from the story that tell something about the animal.





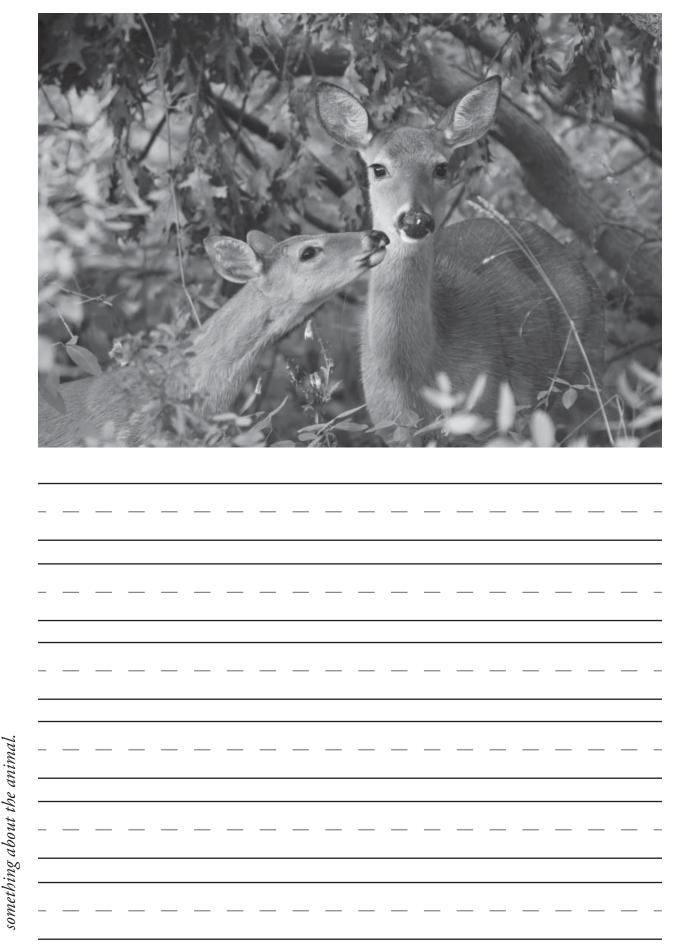

## Deer

1. Was Hope b**or**n in the zoo?

\_\_\_\_\_\_

2. What happened to Hope's leg?

Direcctions: Have students write about the animal in the picture or copy their favorite sentences from the story that tell





# The Petting Zoo

1. What is the rabbit's name?

_		_	—	 	 —	 	 _	—	—	_	_	—		_	_
_	_		_	 _	 _	 _	 _						_	_	_

2. What scares the chickens?

•		

3.					<b>er</b> from the pett-ing zoo do t? <u>Why</u> ?										
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Cut out the cards.

\_\_\_\_\_





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Directions: Have students underline the past-tense marker 'ed' in each word. Then have the student write the final sound(s) in each word in the slashes. Then have the student write the past-tense verbs that end in led! under the led! header, the verbs that end in [d] under the IdI header, and the verbs that end in ItI under the ItI header.

_	_
_	_
marked	shap <b>ed</b>
_	_
_	/
horned	dozed
_	<u> </u>
_	_
nodd·ed	greet·ed
	_
help <u>ed</u> /t	smok <b>ed</b> /
>	_
-grinn <u>ed</u> - /d/	sn <b>arled</b> /
	_
	<u>_</u>
-st <b>ar</b> t- <u>ed</u> - /ed/	plant·ed

/‡/		
/p/		
/ed/		

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Unit 4 Workbook

Skills Strand GRADE 1

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